

# **RNA-protein interactions and the structure of the genetic code**

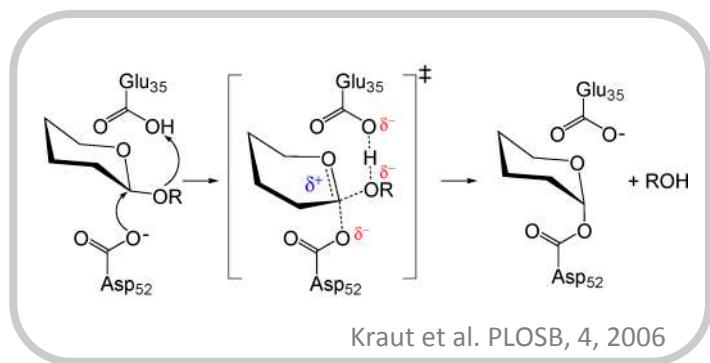
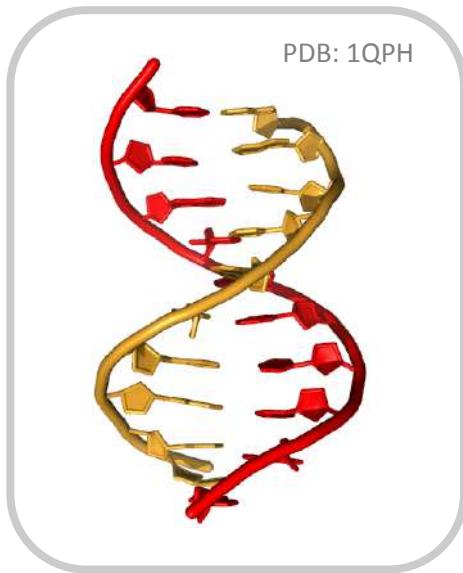
**Bojan Zagrovic**

**Department of Structural and Computational Biology  
University of Vienna**

**Evolution workshop, Salzburg, 07.07.2018**

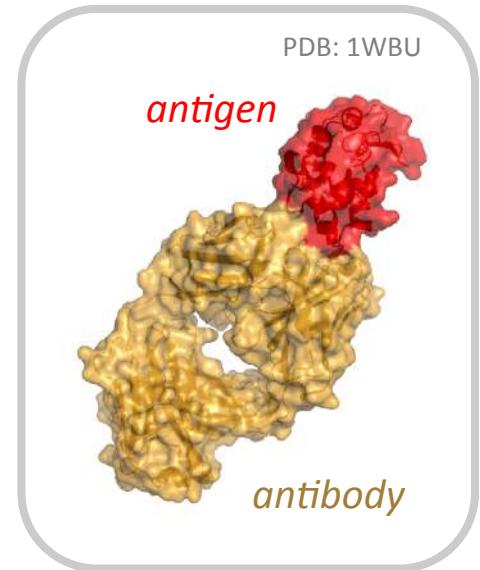
# Physicochemical complementarity

## one of the most powerful paradigms in biology



enzymatic catalysis

gene duplication



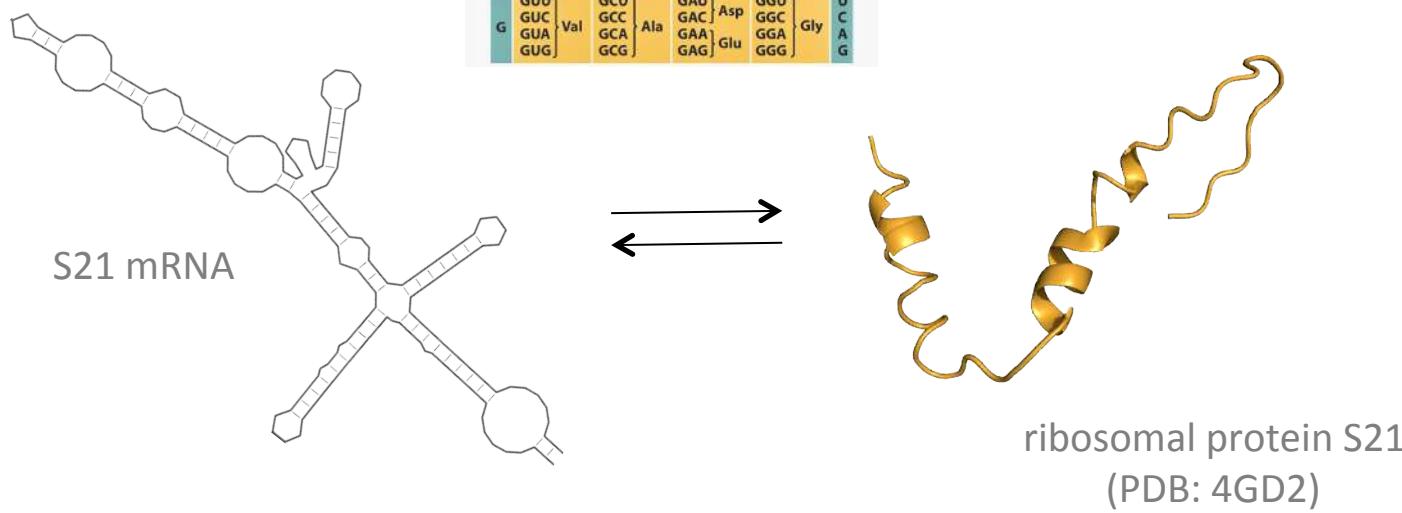
immune response

a novel complementarity?

# **messenger RNA-protein relationship:** the cornerstone of molecular biology

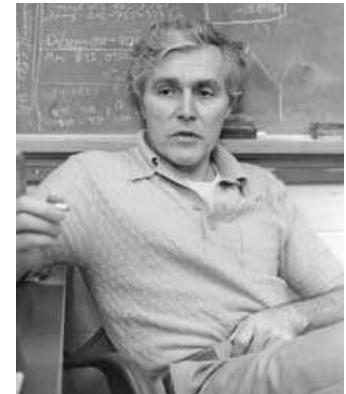
linked by the **universal genetic code**

Second letter					
	U	C	A	G	
U	UUU Phe UUC UUA UUG	UCU Ser UCC UCA UCG	UAU Tyr UAC UAA Stop UAG Stop	UGU Cys UGC UGA Stop UGG Trp	U C A G
C	CUU CUC CUA CUG	CCU Leu CCC CCA CCG	CAU His CAC CAA Gln CAG	CGU Arg CGG CGA CGG	U C A G
A	AUU AUC AUU AUG Met	ACU Ile ACC ACA ACG	AAU Asn AAC AAA Lys AAG	AGU Ser AGC AGA Arg AGG	U C A G
G	GUU GUC GUA GUG	GCU Val GCC GCA GCG	GAU Asp GAC GAA Glu GAG	GGU Gly GGC GGA GGG	U C A G

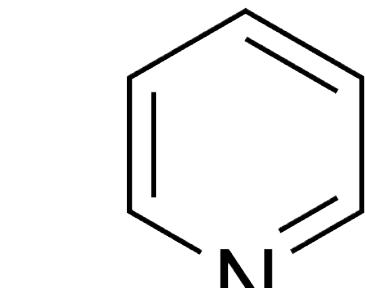


**physicochemical connection?**

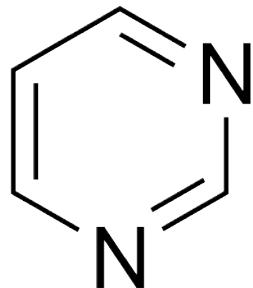
# What is the affinity of amino acids for pyrimidines?



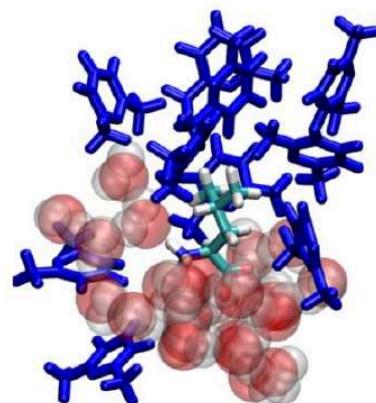
Carl Woese



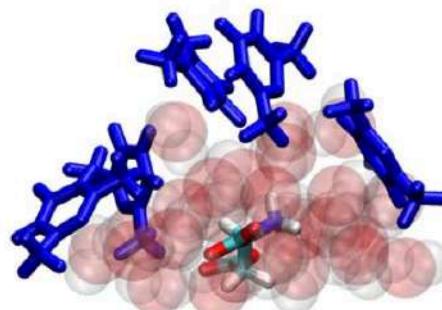
pyridine



pyrimidine

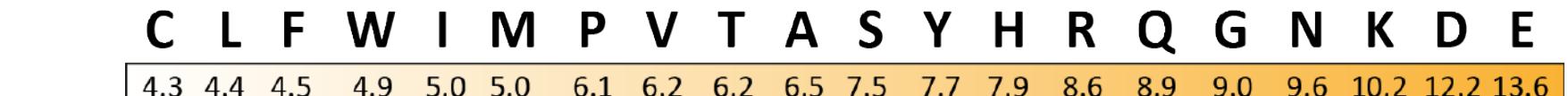


LEU in DMP:H<sub>2</sub>O



ASP in DMP:H<sub>2</sub>O

\*DMP: 2,6-dimethylpyridine



a. u.

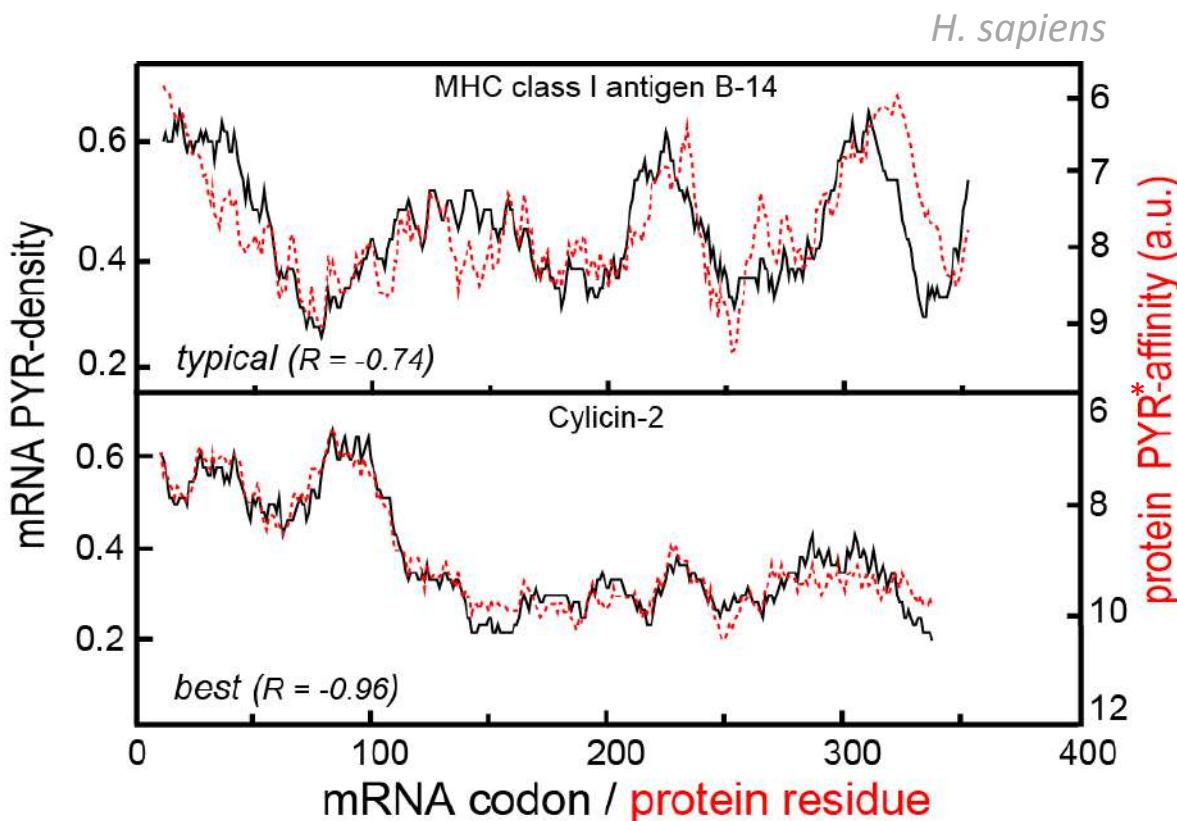
# THE CENTRAL FINDING

PYR-density = 0.7

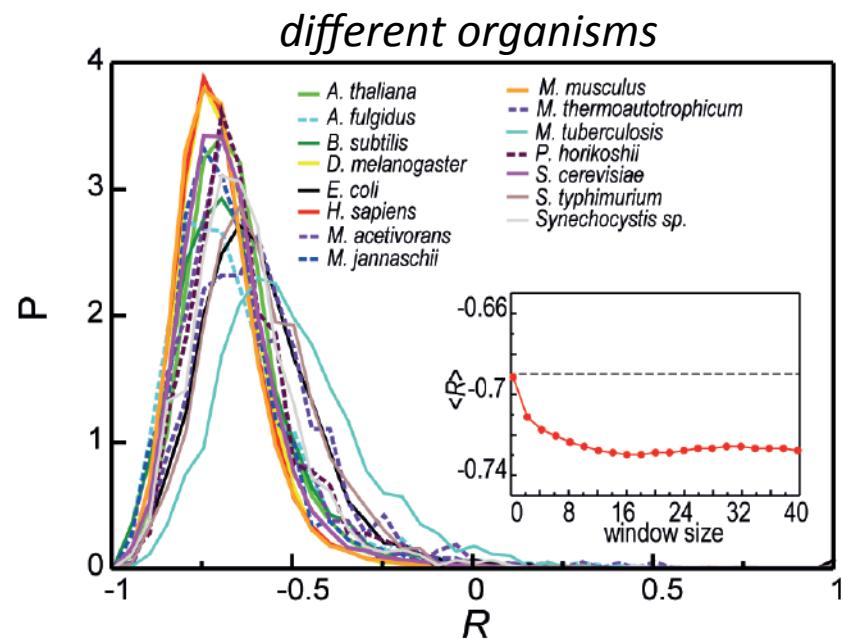
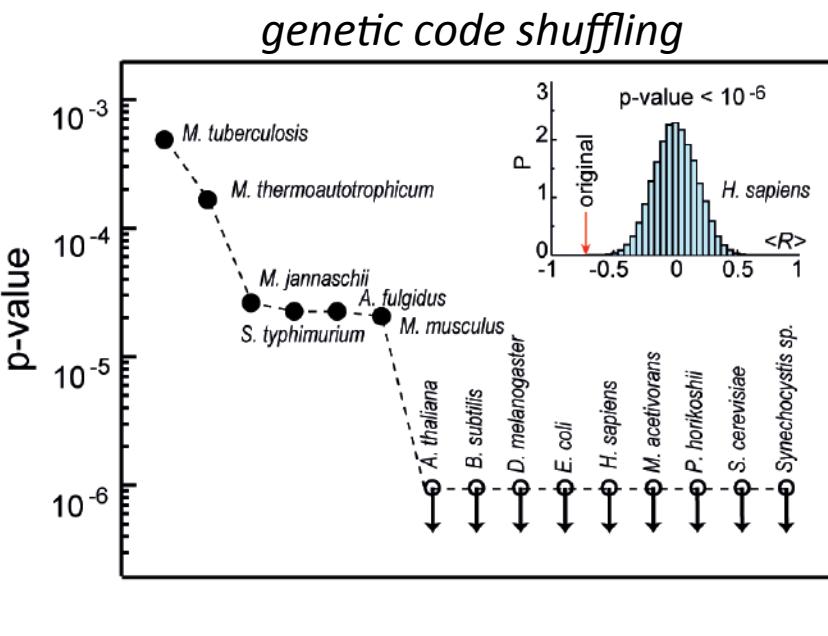
mRNA ...UGGGCC **CUGGGCUUCUACCCU** GCGGAG...

protein ...Trp - Ala - **Leu - Gly - Phe - Tyr - Pro** - Ala - Glu...

PYR<sup>\*</sup>-affinity = 6.3



## A statistically robust finding of universal validity

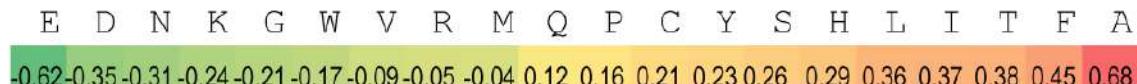
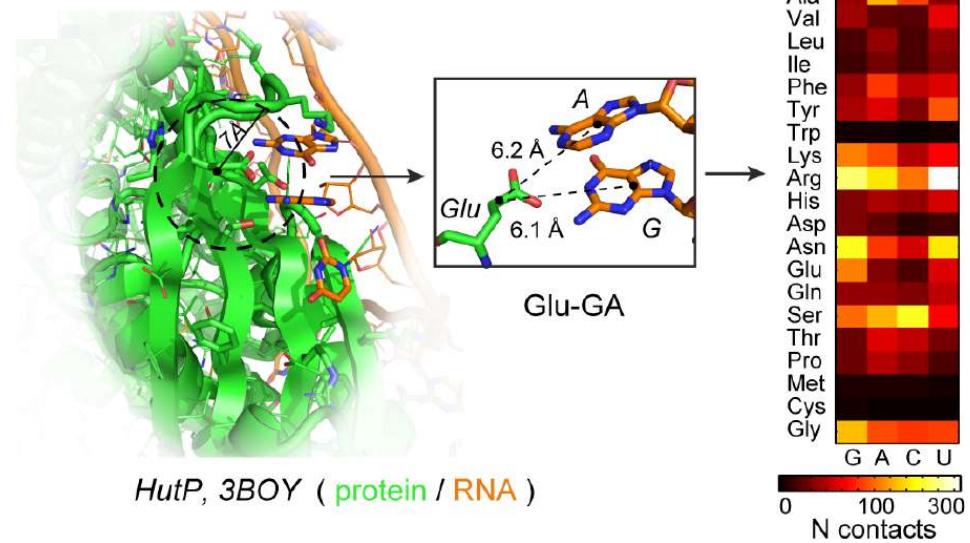


# What about natural bases and, in particular, purines?

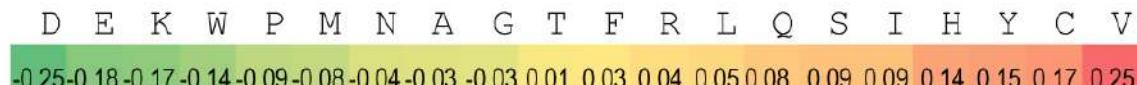
- 3D structures of ~300 protein-RNA complexes

*free energy proxies from contact statistics:*

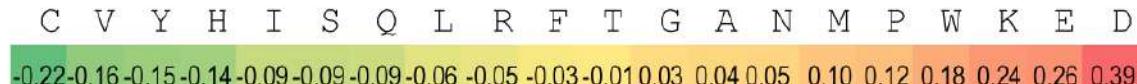
$$\varepsilon^{ij} = -\ln \frac{N_{obs}^{ij}}{N_{exp}^{ij}} = -\ln \frac{N_{obs}^{ij}}{X_i X_j N_{obs}^{TOT}}$$



*G-preference scale*



*PUR-preference scale*

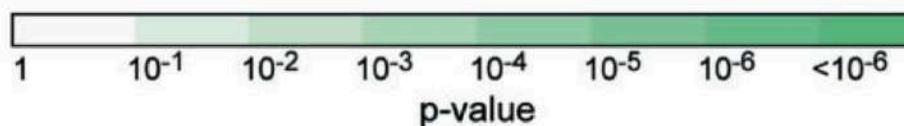


*PYR-preference scale*

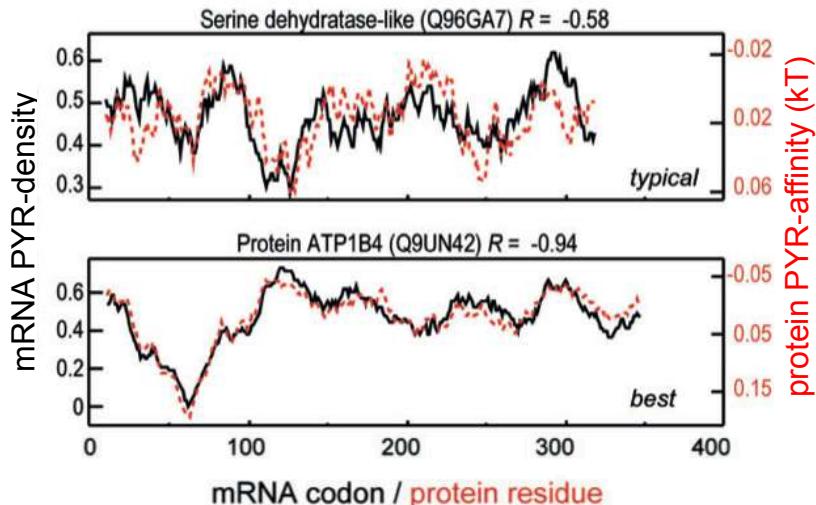
\*in units of  $k_B T$

## median R-values for profile matching distributions

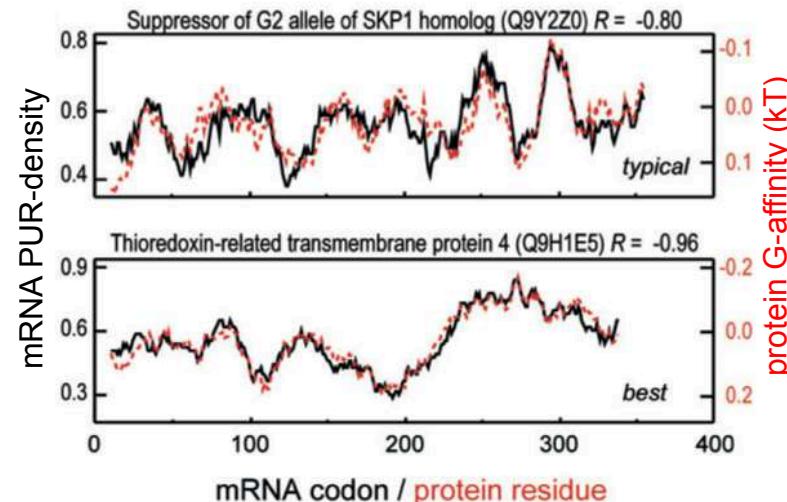
	<b>G<sub>mRNA</sub></b>	<b>A<sub>mRNA</sub></b>	<b>C<sub>mRNA</sub></b>	<b>U<sub>mRNA</sub></b>	<b>PUR<sub>mRNA</sub></b>	<b>PYR<sub>mRNA</sub></b>
<b>G<sub>protein</sub></b>	-0.49	-0.50	0.48	0.55	<b>-0.80</b>	0.80
<b>A<sub>protein</sub></b>	0.16	0.47	-0.29	-0.38	0.53	-0.53
<b>C<sub>protein</sub></b>	0.33	0.24	<b>-0.55</b>	-0.01	0.47	-0.47
<b>U<sub>protein</sub></b>	0.01	0.00	0.28	-0.32	0.01	-0.01
<b>PUR<sub>protein</sub></b>	-0.46	-0.24	0.38	0.36	-0.58	0.58
<b>PYR<sub>protein</sub></b>	0.45	0.26	-0.40	-0.34	0.58	-0.58



mRNA PYR-density vs. protein PYR-affinity

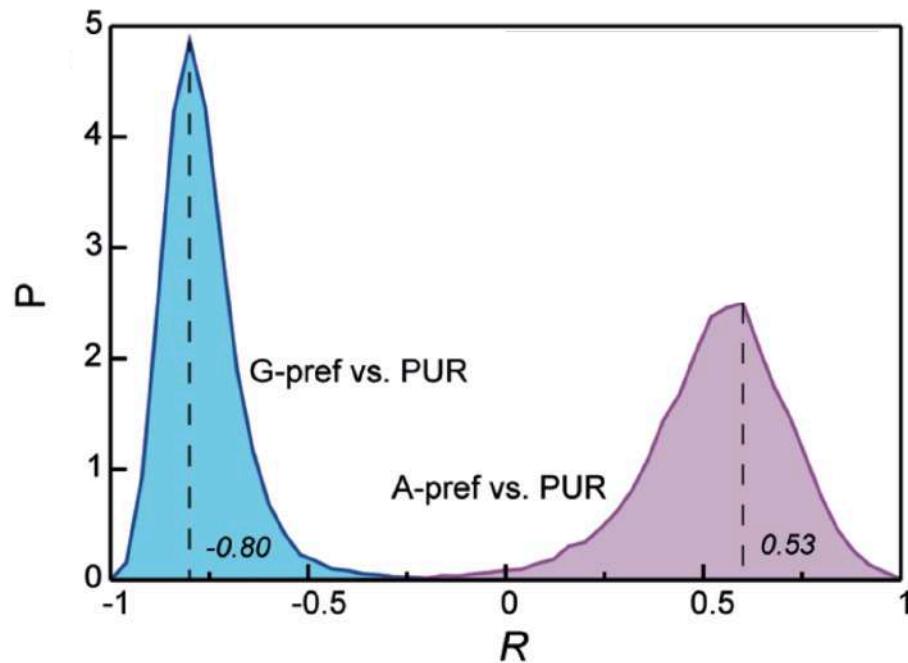


mRNA PUR-density vs. protein G-affinity

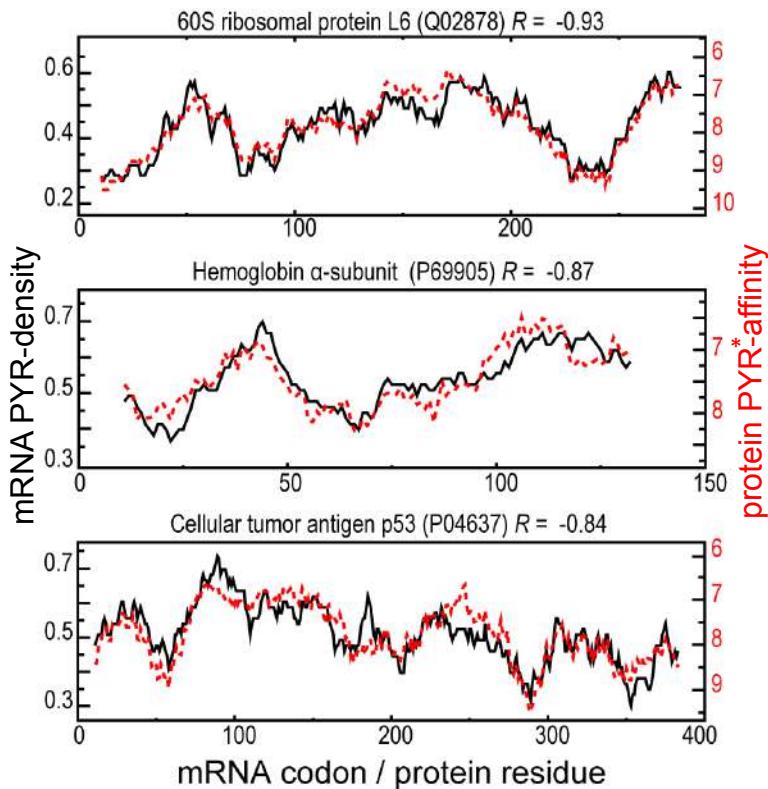


## An important exception:

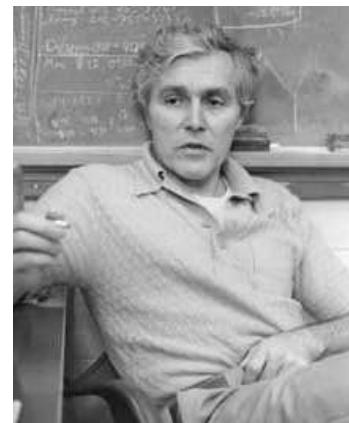
ADE-preferring amino acids tend to be encoded by PYR-rich stretches and vice versa



# Hypotheses

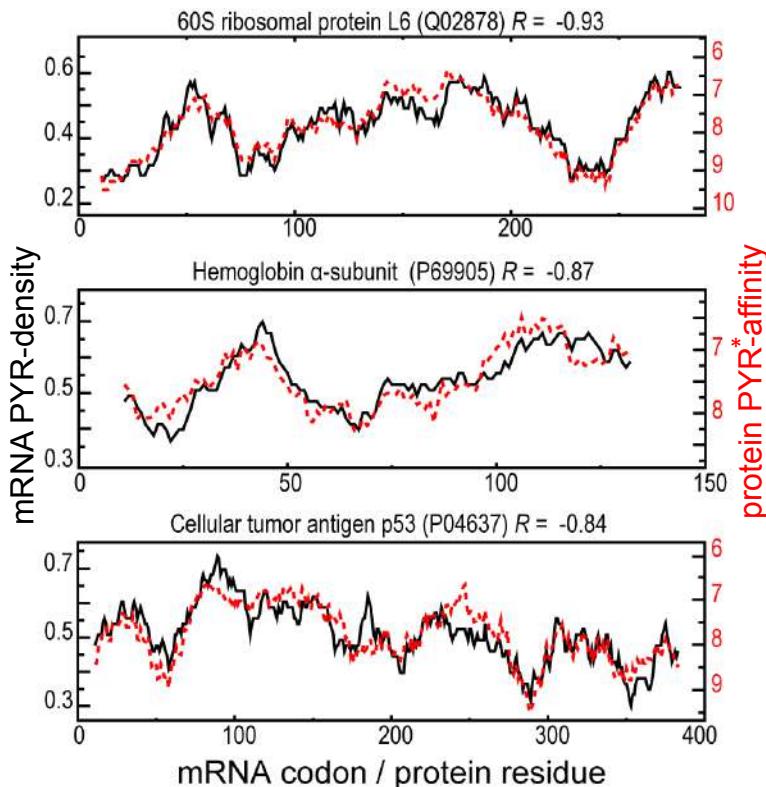


1. our findings support the possibility of a connection between nucleobase/amino-acid binding and genetic encoding (such as in the **direct templating** mechanism of ancient translation)

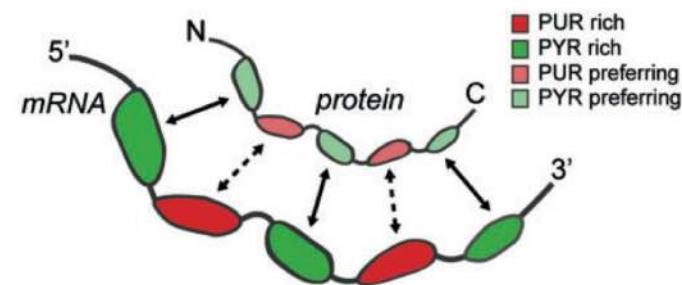


**stereochemical hypothesis**  
(Woese CR, 1965):  
“coding from binding”

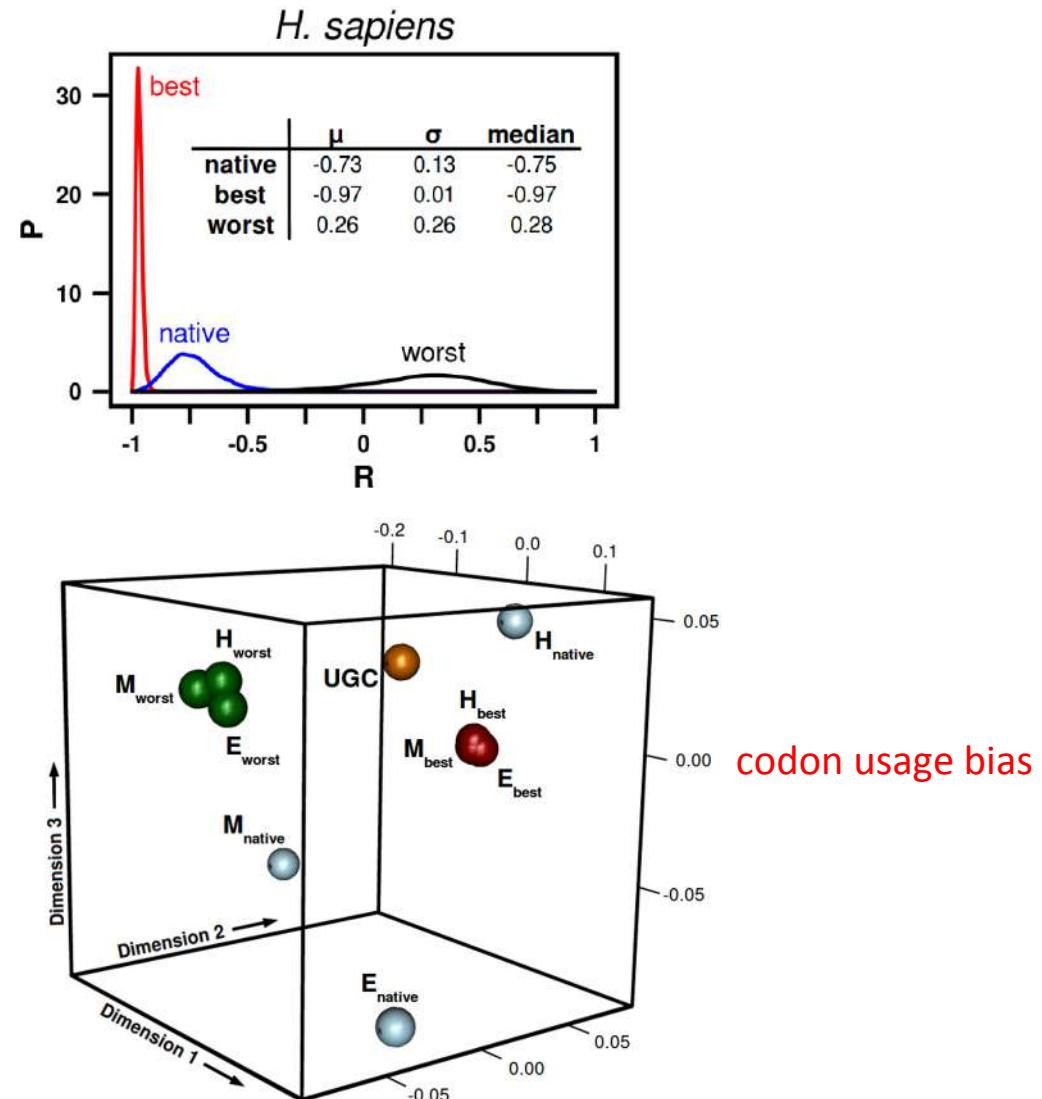
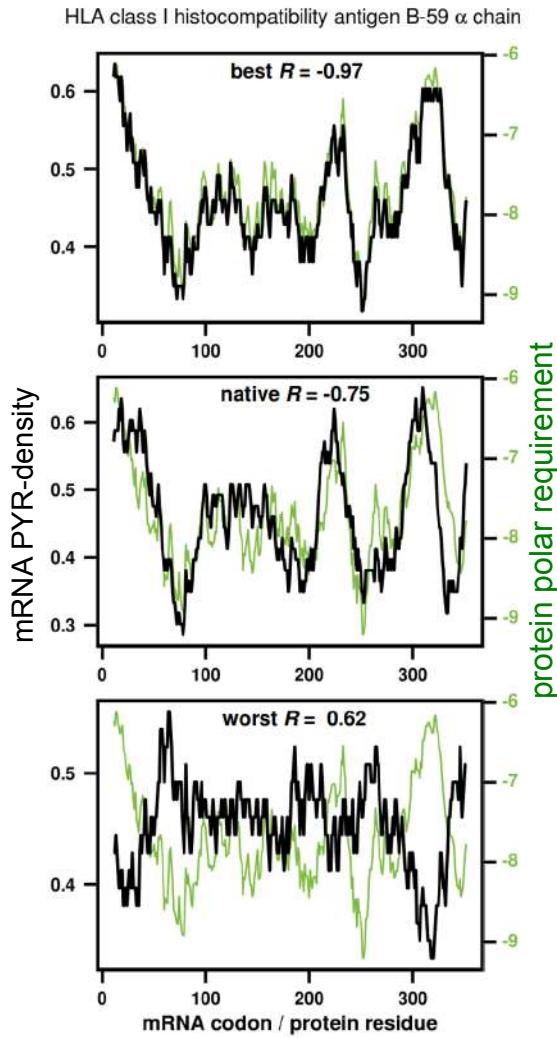
# Hypotheses



1. our findings support the possibility of a connection between nucleobase/amino-acid binding and genetic encoding (such as in the **direct templating** mechanism of ancient translation)
2. today's mRNAs and cognate proteins may be **complementary** to each other and bind, especially if unstructured. Complementarity is negatively regulated by mRNA ADE content.



# mRNA recoding vs. cognate matching



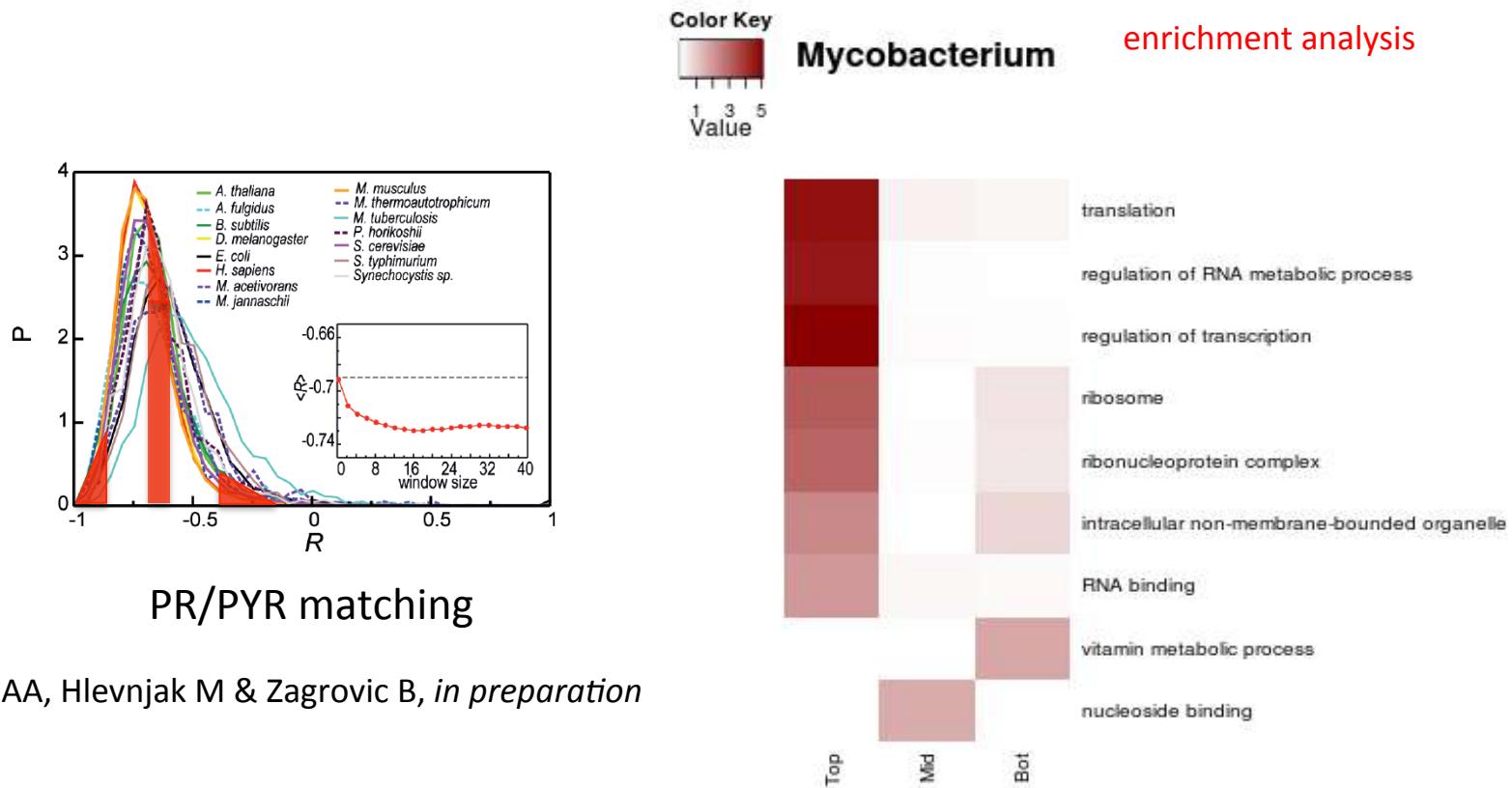
Woese pyridine scale

Hlevnjak M & Zagrovic B, NAR, 43, 3012-3021 (2015)

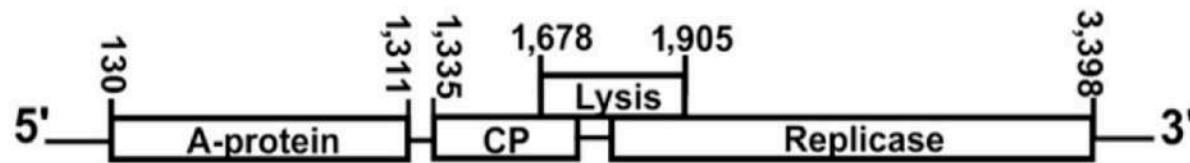
# Functional significance



- Potentially relevant in many areas of RNA/protein biology:
  - translation regulation
  - viral capsid assembly
  - structure of non-membrane-bound cellular compartments
  - protein interactions with DNA, lncRNA etc.



## A case study: assembly of the MS2 bacteriophage

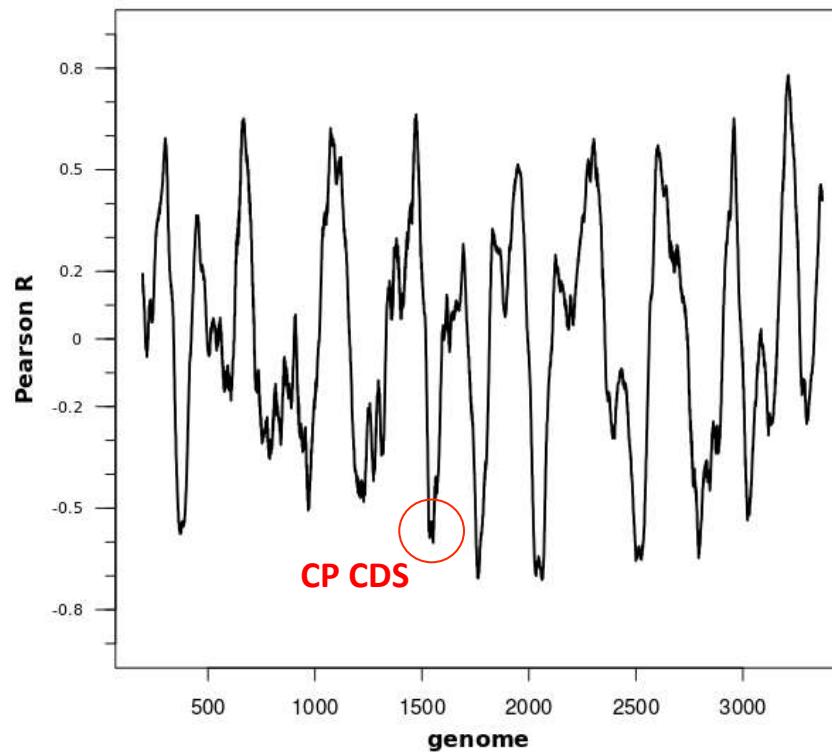


IDEA:

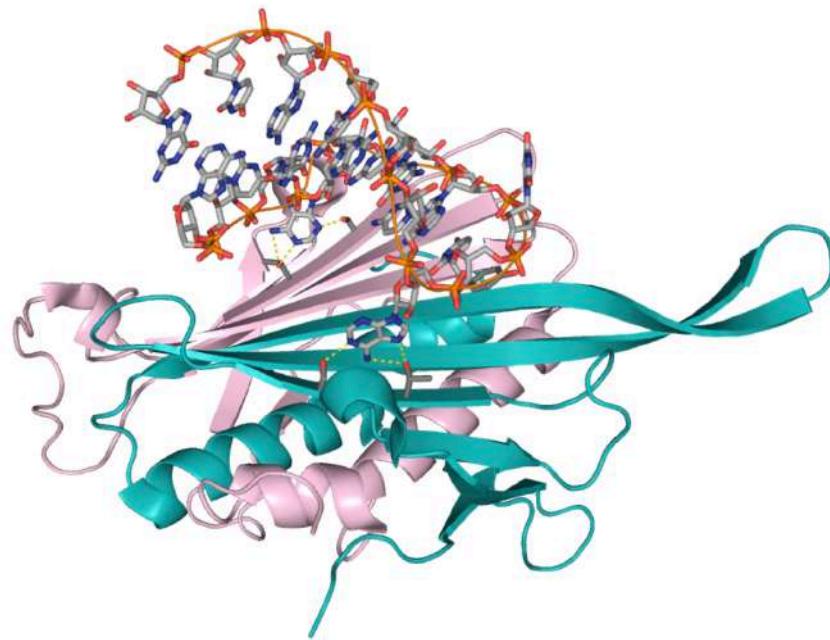
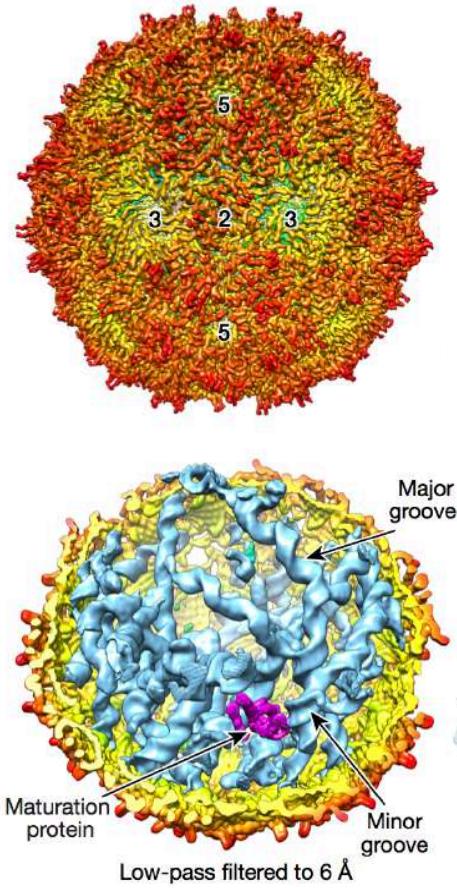
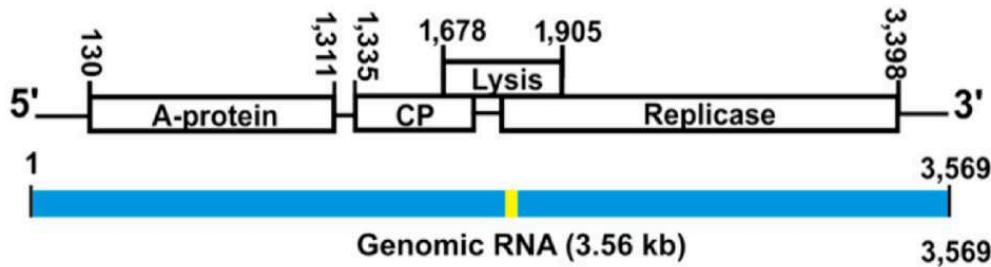
genome %PYR profile

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coat protein PYR affinity profile

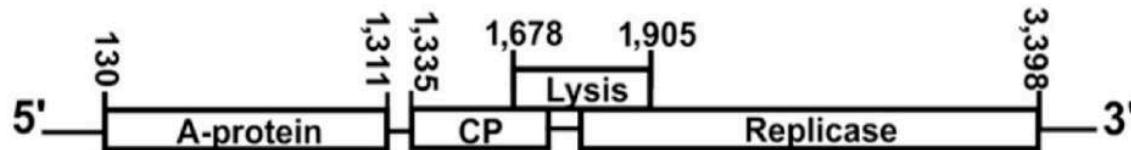
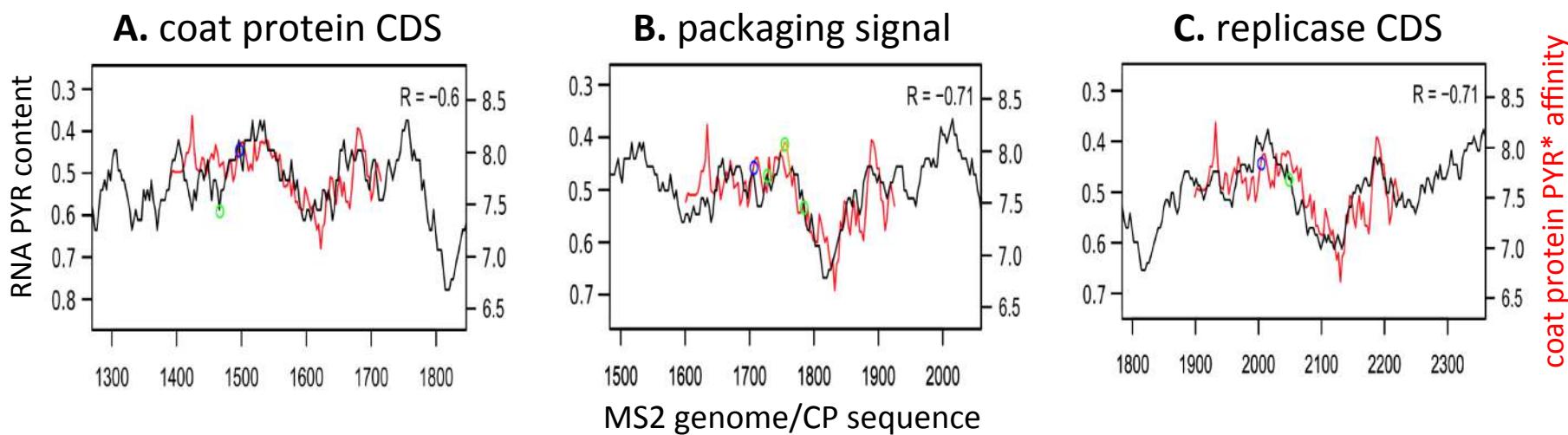
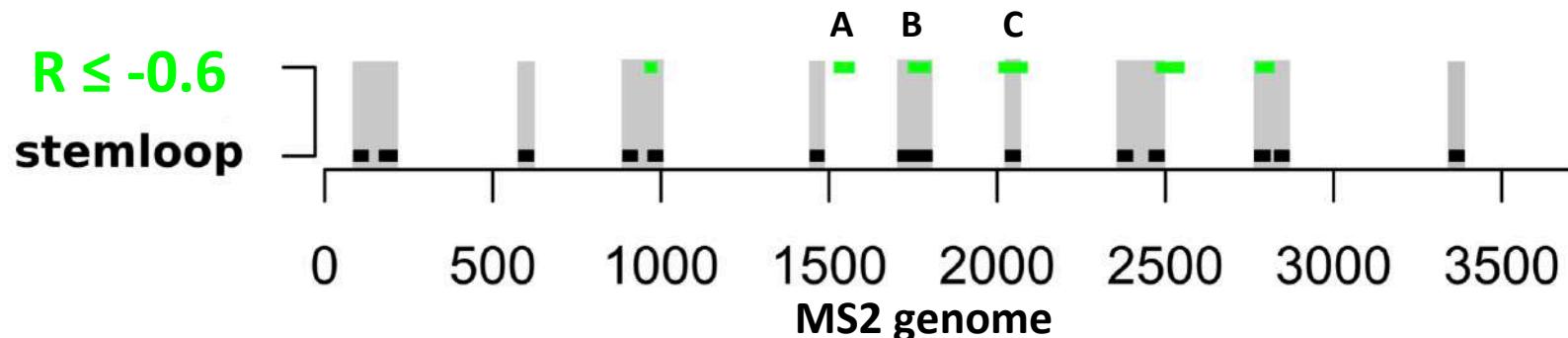


## Comparison against a 3.6 Å cryo EM structure of MS2

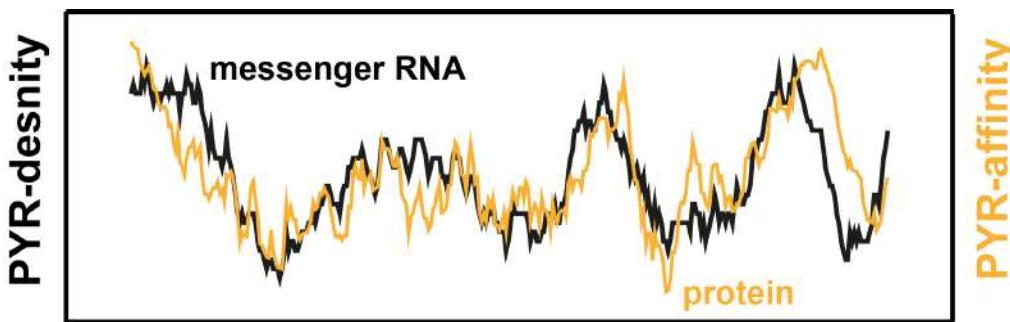


16 high-resolution RNA stem loops with capsid protein

## Profile-based predictions match experimental locations of stem loops



# mRNA-PROTEIN COMPLEMENTARITY



**Origin of the genetic code**  
coding from binding?

**RNA-protein interactions**  
a novel mechanistic perspective

## New paradigms?

- translation regulation
- viral capsid assembly
- cellular networks...

## OPEN CHALLENGES

geometry;  $\Delta G$ s; functional significance; experimental testing

# Thanks

## Present members

- Anton A. Polyansky
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- Daniel Braun
- Daniel Hoffmann

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- Matea Hajnic
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- Theres Friesacher
- Gerald Platzer
- Antonija Kuzmanic
- Drazen Petrov
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- Matija Piskorec
- Mijo Simunovic
- Ruben Zubac
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- Lily Chen
- Raphael Peer
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- Bianca Mladek
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- Mathias Kreuter



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- Navraj S. Pannu, Leiden University
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- Chris Oostenbrink, BOKU Vienna

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